

CORDOBA MINERALS CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars)

		June 30,	De	ecember 31,
	Notes	2023		2022
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash		\$ 8,496	\$	10,981
Due from related parties	13(a)	50,826		-
Other receivables		641		73
Prepaid expenses and deposits	3	1,046		1,065
Total current assets		61,009		12,119
Non-current assets				
Colombian value added tax receivable	4	7,183		4,750
Property, plant and equipment	5	2,371		2,160
Financial assets	6	458		371
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 71,021	\$	19,400
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 5,373	\$	4,712
Income tax payable		4,093		-
Due to related parties	13(a)	862		21,647
Lease liability	7(b)	415		237
Total current liabilities		10,743		26,596
Non-current liabilities				
Due to related parties	13(a)	_		13,558
Lease liability	7(b)	189		185
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 10,932	\$	40,339
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Share capital	8	\$ 208,279	\$	208,272
Equity reserves	8,9	91,065		20,853
Accumulated other comprehensive income	•	(791)		494
Deficit		(264,177)		(250,558)
Shareholders' equity (deficit) attributable the Company		34,376		(20,939)
Non-controlling interest	11	25,713		-
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		\$ 60,089	\$	(20,939)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		\$ 71,021	\$	19,400

Description of business and going concern (Note 1)

Approved and authorized for issue on behalf of the Board on August 11, 2023:

/s/ William Orchow
William Orchow, Director

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

		Three months end			onths ended		Six m	months ended		
					June 30,			June 30,		
	Notes		2023		2022		2023	2022		
Operating expenses										
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		\$	11,920	\$	4,498	\$	17,711	9,020		
Corporate administration	10		830		621		1,659	1,264		
Depreciation	5		140		83		304	162		
Loss from operations			12,890		5,202		19,674	10,446		
Other expense/(income)										
Interest expense			566		97		1,805	109		
Interest income	13(a)(iii)		(582)		-		(582)	-		
Foreign exchange (gain) loss			(2,490)		280		(2,693)	72		
Loss before income taxes			10,384		5,579		18,204	10,627		
Income taxes			-		-		-	-		
Net loss for the period		\$	10,384	\$	5,579	\$	18,204 \$	10,627		
Other comprehensive loss (income)										
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss:										
Currency translation adjustment			1,521		(119)		1,567	(59)		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to loss:										
Change in fair value of marketable securities	6		228		543		(87)	(357)		
Total other comprehensive loss (income)			1,749		424		1,480	(416)		
Total comprehensive loss for the period		\$	12,133	\$	6,003	\$	19,684 \$	10,211		
Net loss attributable to:										
Owners of Cordoba Minerals Corp.		\$	5,799	\$	5,579	\$	13,619	10,627		
Non-controlling interest	11		4,585		-		4,585	-		
Net loss for the period		\$	10,384	\$	5,579	\$	18,204 \$	10,627		
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:										
Owners of Cordoba Minerals Corp.		\$	7,353	\$	6,003	\$	14,904	10,211		
Non-controlling interest	11		4,780		=		4,780	-		
Total comprehensive loss for the period		\$	12,133	\$	6,003	\$	19,684 \$	10,211		
Loss per share attributable to common shareholders										
(basic and diluted)	2(d)	\$	0.08	\$	0.06	\$	0.17 \$	0.12		
Weighted average number of basic and diluted										
common shares outstanding		8	9,239,706		89,136,792	8	9,238,694	89,128,794		

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars)

		Six mont	hs en	ended June 30,		
	Notes	2023		2022		
Operating activities						
Net loss for the period	\$	(18,204)	\$	(10,627)		
Adjustments for non-cash items:						
Share-based payments	9	413		200		
Depreciation	5	304		162		
Interest expense		1,805		109		
Interest income	13(a)(iii)	(582)		-		
Loss on disposition of property, plant and equipment		-		2		
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		(2,296)		109		
Changes in non-cash working capital items:						
Receivables		(2,285)		(476)		
Prepaid expenses and deposits		19		92		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		517		1,002		
Due to related parties		(220)		322		
Cash used in operating activities	\$	(20,529)	\$	(9,105)		
Investing activities						
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	5	(262)		(65)		
Cash used in investing activites	\$	(262)	\$	(65)		
Financing activities						
Non-controlling interest's investment in subsidiary	11(a)	39,522		-		
Settlement of short-term loans from related party	13(a)(ii)	(24,983)		-		
Proceeds from short-term loan from related party	13(a)(ii)	5,460		6,383		
Settlement of restricted and deferred share units	9	(1)		(14)		
Payments of lease liabilities	7(b)	(205)		(109)		
Interest paid	7(b),13(a)(ii)	(1,985)		(21)		
Cash from financing activities	\$		\$	6,239		
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash		498		10		
Decrease in cash		(2,485)		(2,921)		
Cash, beginning of period		10,981		4,951		
Cash, end of period	\$	8,496	\$	2,030		

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 12)

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

(Unaudited)

(Stated in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share amounts)

Equity reserves

								9	Shareholders' (deficit)		
									equity		
	Number of					Α	ccumulated other		attributable to	Non-controlling	
	common shares		Warrants	Broker warrants	Share-based		comprehensive		owners of Cordoba	interest	
	(Note 8(a))	Share capital	reserve	reserve	payments reserve	Other reserve	income (loss)	Deficit	Minerals Corp.	(Note 11)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2022	89,237,671 \$	208,272 \$	14,231 \$	48	\$ 6,574 \$	- \$	\$ 494 \$	(250,558) \$	(20,939)	s - \$	(20,939)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,619)	(13,619)	(4,585)	(18,204)
Non-controlling interest's investment in subsidiary											
(other reserve net of \$3,801 income tax) (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	-	69,807	-	-	69,807	30,493	100,300
Settlement of Restricted Share Units (Note 9(c))	3,704	7	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
Share-based payments (Note 9(d))	-	-	-	-	413	-	-	-	413	-	413
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,285)	-	(1,285)	(195)	(1,480)
Balance at June 30, 2023	89,241,375 \$	208,279 \$	14,231 \$	48	\$ 6,979 \$	69,807 \$	\$ (791) \$	(264,177) \$	34,376	25,713 \$	60,089
Balance at December 31, 2021	89,120,708 \$	208,034 \$	14,231 \$	48	\$ 5,910 \$	- \$	\$ 290 \$	(218,947) \$	9,566	s - \$	9,566
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,627)	(10,627)	-	(10,627)
Settlement of Deferred Share Units (Note 9(b))	26,529	65	-	-	(77)	-	-	-	(12)	-	(12)
Settlement of Restricted Share Units (Note 9(c))	3,721	6	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
Share-based payments (Note 9(d))	-	-	-	-	200	-	-	-	200	-	200
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	416	-	416	-	416
Balance at June 30, 2022	89,150,958 \$	208,105 \$	14,231 \$	48	\$ 6,025 \$	- \$	706 \$	(229,574) \$	(459)	- \$	(459)

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

CORDOBA MINERALS CORP. 4

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN

Cordoba Minerals Corp. (the "Company" or "Cordoba") is a publicly listed company incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. Its shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol CDB. The Company's head office and registered office are located at Suite 606-999 Canada Place, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3E1.

At June 30, 2023, Ivanhoe Electric Inc. ("Ivanhoe Electric"), the Company's publicly-listed majority shareholder, held 63.2% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares (December 31, 2022 – 63.2%).

The Company, together with its subsidiaries, is a mineral exploration group focused on projects located in Colombia and the United States. The principal business of the Company is the acquisition, exploration, evaluation and development of precious and base metal properties.

The Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had no operating revenue and incurred net losses of \$10.38 million and \$18.20 million (June 30, 2022 – \$5.58 million and \$10.63 million). At June 30, 2023, the Company had consolidated cash of \$8.50 million (December 31, 2022 - \$10.98 million) to apply against current liabilities of \$10.74 million (December 31, 2022 - \$26.60 million).

At June 30, 2023, the Company believes that it has adequate resources to maintain its minimum obligations, including general corporate activities, based on its cash position, the strategic arrangement for the joint-development of the Company's Alacran Project (Note 11(a)) and its ability to pursue additional sources of financing, including equity placements.

The Company currently has no source of operating cash flow, and it has no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for additional exploration, evaluation and development programs at its properties, or to enable the Company to fulfill its obligations under any applicable agreements. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain additional sources of financing to successfully explore and evaluate its mineral properties and, ultimately, to achieve profitable operations. Significant reliance is placed on the funds to be received from JCHX Mining Management Co., Ltd. ("JCHX") to advance the Alacran Project (Note 11(a)). The failure or inability of JCHX to provide such funding would result in the need for Cordoba to find a replacement funding source. As such, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, and such adjustments could be material.

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

2. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of presentation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's most recent consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, except for certain pronouncements disclosed in Note 2(b).

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair value.

All financial information has been presented in Canadian dollars in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, except when otherwise indicated.

(b) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards and interpretations

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* that clarified the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on contractual rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. In October 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 that specified how an entity assesses whether it has the right to defer settlement of a liability when that right is subject to compliance with covenants within twelve months after the reporting period. These amendments are effective January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted. Retrospective application is required on adoption. These amendments are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2, *Making Materiality Judgements* to disclose material accounting policy information rather than significant accounting policies. The amendments provide guidance on how to apply materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments are effective January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. Prospective application is required on adoption. These amendments are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 12, *Income Taxes* that clarify the initial recognition exemption does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The amendments are effective January 1, 2023, with early adoption permitted. These amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

Several other new accounting standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, have been issued but are not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2023. None of these changes have been early adopted nor are they considered by management to likely have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(c) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with IAS 34 requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Company has consistently applied the significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions set out in Note 6 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, to all the periods presented in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Judgement was also applied in estimating the second installment receivable's expected timing of settlement and discount rate (Note 13(a)(iii)).

(d) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss attributable to owners of Cordoba by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. For basic loss per share purposes, a subsidiary's net loss is allocated to owners of Cordoba on the basis of Cordoba's dividend participation rights. Since Cordoba's dividend participation rights in CMH Colombia S.A.S. ("CMH") differ from its 50% interest (Note 11(a)), the numerator of the basic loss per share calculation has been adjusted.

	Three months ended June 30,				ths ended June 30,		
	2023		2022		2023		2022
Net loss attributable to owners of Cordoba Adjustment to attributable net loss on the basis of	\$ 5,799	\$	5,579	\$	13,619	\$	10,627
dividend participation rights	1,723		-		1,723		
Adjusted net loss attributable to owners of Cordoba	\$ 7,522	\$	5,579	\$	15,342	\$	10,627

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities that could share in earnings of an entity. In a loss period, potentially dilutive equity instruments are excluded from the loss per share calculation, as the effect would be anti-dilutive. Basic and diluted loss per share are the same for the periods presented.

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

3. PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEPOSITS

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
Prepaid expenses	\$ 237	\$ 46
Deposits	532	743
Deposit with related party (Note 13(a)(i))	200	200
Other	77	76
Total prepaid expenses and deposits	\$ 1,046	\$ 1,065

4. COLOMBIAN VALUE-ADDED-TAX ("VAT") RECEIVABLE

Non-current VAT receivable arises from VAT paid to the Government of Colombia in respect of the Company's exploration, evaluation and development activities. Under the VAT regime in Colombia, input VAT paid during a company's exploration, evaluation and development stages forms a credit which is available to offset output VAT collected in the future. Since the actual timing of benefit is uncertain, as VAT is refundable only upon collecting output VAT, Colombian VAT receivable has been classified as a non-current asset.

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

				Furniture							
	Co	mputer		and		Co	nstruction		R	ROU assets	
	equ	ipment	е	quipment	Vehicles	į	n progress	Land	(Note 7(a))	Total
Cost											
Balance - December 31, 2021	\$	291	\$	344	\$ 58	\$	-	\$ 912	\$	579	\$ 2,184
Additions		92		173	-		188	-		392	845
Write-offs and disposals		(20)		(11)	(18)		-	-		(274)	(323)
Otheradjustments		-		-	-		-	-		66	66
Foreign exchange		23		24	3		-	62		64	176
Balance - December 31, 2022		386		530	43		188	974		827	2,948
Additions		55		116	-		91	-		369	631
Write-offs and disposals		-		-	-		-	-		(250)	(250)
Other adjustments		-		-	-		-	-		(64)	(64)
Foreign exchange		(10)		(13)	(1)		(5)	(22)		(21)	(72)
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	431	\$	633	\$ 42	\$	274	\$ 952	\$	861	\$ 3,193
Accumulated depreciation											
Balance - December 31, 2021	\$	152	\$	141	\$ 42	\$	-	\$ -	\$	344	\$ 679
Charge for the year		54		34	8		-	-		272	368
Write-offs and disposals		(17)		(10)	(18)		-	-		(274)	(319)
Foreign exchange		13		11	2		-	-		34	60
Balance - December 31, 2022		202		176	34		-	-		376	788
Charge for the period		37		19	4		-	-		244	304
Write-offs and disposals		-		-	-		-	-		(250)	(250)
Foreign exchange		(5)		(5)	(1)		-	-		(9)	(20)
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	234	\$	190	\$ 37	\$	-	\$ -	\$	361	\$ 822
Net book value											
Balance - December 31, 2022	\$	184	\$	354	\$ 9	\$	188	\$ 974	\$	451	\$ 2,160
Balance - June 30, 2023	\$	197	\$	443	\$ 5	\$	274	\$ 952	\$	500	\$ 2,371

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets comprise the Company's investment in Bell Copper Corporation's ("Bell Copper") common shares, which had a fair value of \$458,000 on June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022 – \$371,000).

7. LEASES

(a) Right-of-use-assets

At June 30, 2023, \$500,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$451,000) of ROU assets are recorded as part of property, plant and equipment. ROU assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying assets.

	Vel	nicles	Of	ffice	Buildings		Total
Right of use assets							
Net book value at December 31, 2021	\$	130	\$	105	\$	-	\$ 235
Additions		281		-		111	392
Depreciation charge for the year		(147)		(95)		(30)	(272)
Other adjustment		59		7		-	66
Foreign exchange		19		4		7	30
Net book value at December 31, 2022	\$	342	\$	21	\$	88	\$ 451
Additions		-		369		-	369
Depreciation charge for the period		(108)		(112)		(24)	(244)
Other adjustment		-		-		(64)	(64)
Foreign exchange		(6)		(6)		-	(12)
Net book value at June 30, 2023	\$	228	\$	272	\$	-	\$ 500

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, certain office leases with initial values totalling \$250,000 expired (June 30, 2022 - \$Nil), resulting in the derecognition of depreciated ROU assets.

(b) Lease liabilities

All leases of vehicles, office premises and buildings are comprised of only fixed payments over the lease terms. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company recorded interest expense of \$25,000 and \$54,000 on lease liabilities (June 30, 2022 - \$11,000 and \$23,000) and expenses of \$28,000 and \$31,000 (June 30, 2022 - \$2,000 and \$7,000) related to short-term leases.

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

	June 30,	December 31,
	2023	2022
Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows		_
Less than one year	\$ 476	279
One to two years	193	146
Two to three years	9	61
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	678	486
Effect of discounting	(74)	(64)
Total lease liabilities	\$ 604	422
Current	\$ 415	237
Non-current	\$ 189	185

	Six months ended June			
	2023		2022	
Lease liability continuity				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 422	\$	231	
Cash flows				
Principal payments	(205)		(109)	
Interest payments	(51)		(21)	
Non-cash changes				
Additions	369		111	
Accretion	54		23	
Other adjustment	(64)		-	
Change in foreign exchange and other	79		66	
Total lease liabilities, end of period	\$ 604	\$	301	

8. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Common Shares

Authorized

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value. At June 30, 2023, the Company had 89,241,375 common shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2022 - 89,237,671).

(b) Share Purchase Warrants

Share purchase warrants outstanding as of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	=			lune 30, 2023		Decem	ecember 31, 2022		
			Number of	Weighted		Number of	Weighted		
			shares	average		shares	average		
		i	issuable upon	exercise	i	issuable upon	exercise		
		Number of	exercise	price per	Number of	exercise	price per		
Grant Date	Expiry date	warrants	of warrants	share	warrants	of warrants	share		
February 18, 2021	February 18, 2023 (i)	-	-	-	453	491	\$1.802		
September 24, 2021	September 24, 2026	1,465	1,465	\$0.770	1,465	1,465	\$0.770		
		1,465	1,465	\$0.770	1,918	1,956	\$1.029		

i. On February 18, 2023, all 452,975 share purchase warrants expired unexercised.

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

9. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(a) Share Purchase Options

The Company has in place a stock option plan (the "Plan"), which allows the Company to issue options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The aggregate number of securities reserved for issuance will be not more than 10% of the number of common shares issued and outstanding from time to time. The Plan provides that the number of stock options held by any one individual may not exceed 5% of the number of issued and outstanding common shares.

Options granted under the Plan shall not have an exercise price less than the market price of the Company's shares on the day prior to the grant date, less any discount permitted by the TSX Venture Exchange, and may have a maximum term of ten years. Additionally, they may be subject to vesting terms if imposed by the Board of Directors or required by the TSX Venture Exchange.

The following is a summary of share purchase options activity for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		S	ix months ended		S	ix months ended
			June 30, 2023			June 30, 2022
		W	/eighted average		W	/eighted average
	Number of		exercise price	Number of		exercise price
	stock options		(\$ per share)	stock options		(\$ per share)
Outstanding, beginning of period	2,248	\$	1.50	1,274	\$	2.36
Expired	(69)		3.40	-		-
Forfeited	(9)		0.53	(110)		1.13
Outstanding, end of period	2,170	\$	1.44	1,164	\$	2.47
Exercisable, end of period	1,129	\$	2.02	540	\$	3.50

	0	ptions outstanding		Options exercisable
		Weighted average		Weighted average
		remaining		remaining
Exercise price	Number of	contractual life	Number of	contractual life
(\$ per share)	stock options	(years)	stock options	(years)
0.53	1,113	4.09	363	4.08
1.11	18	1.14	18	1.14
1.20	54	2.82	36	2.82
1.36	44	1.80	44	1.80
1.62	802	2.43	535	2.43
1.70	16	2.35	10	2.35
2.04	29	1.62	29	1.62
2.21	9	2.32	9	2.32
3.57	18	0.92	18	0.92
12.58	6	3.36	6	3.36
13.60	21	0.60	21	0.60
14.45	40	2.28	40	2.28
	2,170	3.22	1,129	2.85

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

(b) Deferred Share Units

Pursuant to the terms of the Company's Deferred Share Unit Plan, the Company may grant DSUs to the Company's directors. Upon a participant's retirement, the DSUs may be settled with cash or common shares of the Company, at the sole discretion of the Board. The fair value of a DSU is determined as the fair market value of a common share of the Company on grant date and recorded in equity reserves.

The following is a summary of DSU activity for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Six months ende	ed June 30,
	2023	2022
Outstanding, beginning of period	530	212
Redeemed	-	(57)
Outstanding, end of period	530	155

(c) Other Equity-based Instruments

Pursuant to the terms of the Company's Long Term Incentive Plan, the Company may grant RSUs as well as performance share units ("PSUs") to eligible participants. On entitlement date, the Company may elect to settle the RSUs with cash or common shares of the Company at the discretion of the Board. The fair values of an RSU and PSU are determined as the fair market value of a common share of the Company on the grant date and recorded in equity reserves.

The following is a summary of RSU activity for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Six months en	ded June 30,
	2023	2022
Outstanding, beginning of period	1,410	244
Redeemed	(7)	(7)
Forfeited	(8)	
Outstanding, end of period	1,395	237

During the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, no PSUs were issued and outstanding.

(d) Share-based payments

Share-based payment compensation was allocated to operations as follows:

	Three r	non	ths ended	Six months end					
			June 30,			June 30,			
	2023		2022	2023		2022			
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	\$ 95	\$	40	\$ 198	\$	79			
Corporate administration	103		73	215		121			
Total share-based payments	\$ 198	\$	113	\$ 413	\$	200			

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

10. CORPORATE ADMINISTRATION

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, corporate administration comprises:

	Three mont	ths ended	Six months ended					
		June 30,			June 30,			
	2023	2022		2023	2022			
Salaries and benefits	\$ 321 \$	217	\$	622 \$	442			
Share-based payments	103	73		215	121			
Office administration	47	59		94	127			
Professional fees	144	90		306	218			
Insurance	35	33		70	67			
Travel	116	59		171	73			
Investor relations	45	53		96	142			
Compliance and regulatory	9	3		33	35			
Other	10	34		52	39			
Total corporate administration	\$ 830 \$	621	\$	1,659 \$	1,264			

11. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

(a) CMH Colombia S.A.S.

On May 8, 2023, Cordoba announced that Cordoba and JCHX had satisfied all necessary conditions to close the US\$100 million strategic arrangement for the joint-development of the Alacran Project in Colombia. As a result of the closing, JCHX has funded the initial installment of US\$40 million towards its 50% ownership interest in CMH, a company existing under the laws of Colombia, which owns 100% of the Alacran Project and is the joint venture vehicle for Cordoba and JCHX in this strategic project level partnership.

For its 50% interest, JCHX will pay the US\$100 million purchase price in three installments. At the closing of the transaction, US\$40 million was paid as a first installment. A second installment of US\$40 million (Note 13(a)(iii)) is payable in cash upon the board of directors of Cordoba approving the Feasibility Study of the Alacran Project, and the filing of the Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA") to the relevant Colombian Government authority, but in no event shall such second installment be paid later than the second anniversary of the closing of the transaction. A third and final installment of US\$20 million is payable in cash once the approval of the EIA is obtained, which must be within two years of the transaction's closing date. Should the EIA not be approved by the second anniversary of the closing date, JCHX will have the option to elect not to complete this final installment, which will result in JCHX being diluted to 40% and Cordoba increasing to a majority 60% shareholding in CMH.

In December 2022, JCHX advanced a bridge loan of US\$10 million to Cordoba. The bridge loan was for an 18-month term and bore interest at 12% per annum during the first 12 months of the term and 14% per annum during the remaining six months, calculated on the basis of a 365-day year. Upon closing of the transaction, the entire balance owing under the bridge loan and accrued interest was applied towards the first installment as a payment in kind.

A Joint Venture Shareholders' Agreement ("JV SHA"), entered into at closing, governs the strategic relationship between Cordoba and JCHX, and sets forth the general responsibility

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

and authority of the CMH board of directors ("CMH board"), in addition to the entitlements of each shareholder. The JV SHA provides that (1) the CMH board will comprise of four individuals, of which two directors will be nominated by Cordoba and the other two directors will be nominated by JCHX; and for so long as the shareholdings in CMH remain 50%-50%, a Cordoba representative will serve as the Chairperson of the Board of Directors, and will possess a casting vote on all matters subject to a list of reserved matters; (2) Cordoba will be appointed as the operator and manager of the Alacran Project pursuant to a management services agreement and will be responsible for setting the annual programs and budgets for the CMH board's approval; (3) JCHX (or its affiliate) has right of first offer to bid on the Engineering, Procurement and Construction and Detailed Design Agreement contracts, provided that Cordoba has the right to open the process out to competitive tender; with JCHX having the right to match any competitive bid; and (4) JCHX (or its affiliate) shall be entitled to up to 100% of the offtake from the production under the current Feasibility Study of the Alacran Project, provided that they are paying fair market value and they are the most competitive offer (including a matching right for other third-party proposals).

Management's assessment at the time of closing concluded that Cordoba will continue to control CMH through the investment period up to the date the third installment is made. Accordingly, Cordoba has continued to consolidate CMH.

The carrying values of CMH's assets and liabilities were \$61.30 million and \$9.87 million as at June 30, 2023. From closing to June 30, 2023, CMH's revenue was \$Nil and net loss was \$9.17 million. The Company recognized \$25.71 million as non-controlling interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023.

(b) MMDEX LLC

On August 27, 2018, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Cordoba Minerals USA Corp., entered into a joint venture and earn-in agreement with Bell Copper and certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries to explore the Perseverance porphyry copper project located in northwestern Arizona, USA (the "Perseverance Project").

Cordoba has the option to earn up to an 80% interest in the Perseverance Project through the acquisition of an equity interest in the joint venture company MMDEX LLC ("MMDEX") by completing certain phased project expenditures over a 7.5 year period as follows:

- Phase 1 \$1 million by April 24, 2020, to earn a 25% interest (completed)
- Phase 2 Additional \$3 million by April 24, 2022, for a total 51% interest (completed)
- Phase 3 Additional \$3 million by April 24, 2024, for a total 70% interest (in progress)
- Phase 4 Additional \$10 million by April 24, 2026, for a total 80% interest

In March 2022, the Company achieved the minimum project expenditure requirement for the Phase 2 earn-in and vested a 51% interest in the project.

The carrying value of MMDEX's assets and liabilities was \$Nil as at June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022 - \$Nil). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, MMDEX's revenue was \$Nil and \$Nil (June 30, 2022 - \$Nil and \$Nil) and net loss was \$48,000 and \$88,000 (June 30, 2022 - \$250,000 and \$2.00 million). The Company recognized \$Nil and \$Nil as non-controlling interest for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 (June 30, 2022 - \$Nil and \$Nil).

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The non-cash financing activities not already disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows were as follows:

	Six months end	ed June 30,
	 2023	2022
Financing activities		
Non-controlling interest's investment in subsidiary (Note 13(a)(iii))	\$ 64,579 \$	-
Settlement of long-term loan from related party (Note 13(a)(iii))	(13,354)	-
Interest paid (Note 13(a)(iii))	(540)	-

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

(a) Transactions and balances with related parties

The Company incurred the following expenses with related parties:

	Three mont	hs ended	Six months ended				
		June 30,		June 30,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Salaries and benefits	\$ 228 \$	201	\$ 436 \$	397			
Corporate administration	38	82	107	141			
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	120	275	211	799			
Interest expense	569	87	1,559	87			
Total related party expenses	\$ 955 \$	645	\$ 2,313 \$	1,424			

The breakdown of expenses by related party is as follows:

	Three mont	hs ended	Six months ended				
		June 30,		June 30,			
	 2023	2022	2023	2022			
GMM (i)	\$ 328 \$	350	\$ 639 \$	778			
Ivanhoe Electric (ii)	436	201	1,033	499			
JCHX (iii)	133	-	532	-			
Vagon Capital S.A.S. (iv)	58	54	109	107			
Computational Geosciences Inc. (v)	-	40	-	40			
Total related party expenses	\$ 955 \$	645	\$ 2,313 \$	1,424			

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

The breakdown of amounts due to or from related parties is as follows:

	June 30,	D	ecember 31,
	2023		2022
Due from related parties			
Due from JCHX (iii)	\$ 50,826	\$	
Total due from related parties	\$ 50,826	\$	-
Due to related parties			
Due to GMM (i)	\$ 109	\$	254
Due to Ivanhoe Electric (ii)	713		21,271
Due to JCHX (iii)	-		13,558
Due to directors and officers of the Company	19		38
Due to Vagon Capital SAS (iv)	21		84
Total due to related parties	\$ 862	\$	35,205
Current	\$ 862	\$	21,647
Non-current	\$ -	\$	13,558

- i. Global Mining Management Corporation ("GMM"), a private company based in Vancouver, provides administration, accounting and other office services to the Company on a cost-recovery basis. The Company held 7.1% of GMM's common shares at June 30, 2023, (December 31, 2022 7.1%). The investment in GMM is held at \$Nil on the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position.
 - At June 30, 2023, prepaid expenses and deposits included a deposit of \$200,000 (December 31, 2022 \$200,000) held by GMM (Note 3).
- ii. Ivanhoe Electric held 63.2% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares at June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022 63.2%). Costs incurred by Ivanhoe Electric on behalf of the Company are reimbursed on a cost-recovery basis.

In 2022, Ivanhoe Electric provided the Company with a series a short-term loans totaling US\$14.5 million in the form of grid promissory notes bearing interest at 12% per annum, compounding only at maturity. Each loan's interest rate increased to 14% per annum upon its respective maturity date.

In January 2023, US\$2.5 million of the outstanding principal was repaid using a portion of the proceeds from the US\$10 million JCHX bridge loan (Note 13(a)(iii)).

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, Ivanhoe Electric advanced the Company US\$4.0 million under a short-term loan in the form of a grid promissory note bearing interest at 12% per annum, compounding only at maturity. The interest rate would have increased to 14% per annum if the Company did not repay the amount owing upon the maturity date, which is the earlier of May 15, 2023 and the closing of any equity or debt financing by Cordoba.

A portion of the initial US\$40 million installment received from JCHX, following the closing of the US\$100 million project financing transaction described in Note 11(a), was used to settle all of the principal and interest outstanding on the series of short-term loans.

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

Accordingly, as at June 30, 2023, there was no accrued interest outstanding (December 31, 2022 – \$887,000 (US\$655,000)).

iii. JCHX held 19.9% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares at June 30, 2023 (December 31, 2022 – 19.9%).

(a) Bridge Ioan

In December 2022, JCHX advanced a bridge loan of US\$10 million to Cordoba. The bridge loan was for an 18-month term and bore interest at 12% per annum during the first 12 months of the term and 14% per annum during the remaining six months, calculated on the basis of a 365-day year.

Upon closing the project financing transaction with JCHX described in Note 11(a), all of the principal and interest outstanding on the bridge loan was applied towards that transaction's first installment as a payment in kind. Accordingly, as at June 30, 2023, there was no accrued interest owing to JCHX on the bridge loan (December 31, 2022 – \$14,000 (US\$10,000)).

Interest payments to JCHX under the bridge loan were made free and clear of any withholding taxes, and the effect of the applicable 35% withholding tax is recognized as interest expense.

In the event the bridge loan was not repaid, JCHX had the option to receive payment in kind equal to 20% of the total issued shares of CMH, a Colombian subsidiary of the Company.

(b) Second installment receivable

The US\$40 million second installment of the US\$100 million project financing transaction with JCHX (Note 11(a)) is measured at amortized cost, with interest income calculated using an effective interest method rate of 7.82%.

- *iv.* Vagon Capital S.A.S., a company that is controlled by a close family member of one of the Company's directors, provides the Company professional consulting services.
- v. Computational Geosciences Inc. is a subsidiary of Ivanhoe Electric that provides technical consulting services in relation to the Perseverance Project.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, including directors and officers.

	Three month	Six months ended					
		June 30,		June 30,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Salaries and benefits	\$ 213 \$	190	\$ 417 \$	413			
Share-based payments	70	20	148	41			
Total key management compensation	\$ 283 \$	210	\$ 565 \$	454			

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

14. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has a head office in Vancouver, Canada, and operates in three geographically based segments: Canada, Colombia and the United States. The reported loss from operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 for each segment is as follows:

	Colo	USA				Canada				Total					
	Three months ended			Three months ended			Three months ended				Three months ended				
			June 30,				June 30,				June 30,				June 30,
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
E&E expenditures	\$ 11,778	\$	4,240	\$	47	\$	218	\$	95	\$	40	\$	11,920	\$	4,498
Corporate administration	-		-		1		4		829		617		830		621
Depreciation	138		81		2		2		-		-		140		83
Loss from operations	\$ 11,916	\$	4,321	\$	50	\$	224	\$	924	\$	657	\$	12,890	\$	5,202

	Colombia				US		Canada					Total			
	Six months ended			Six months ended			Six months ended					Six months ended			
			June 30,				June 30,				June 30,				June 30,
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
E&E expenditures	\$ 17,426	\$	6,833	\$	87	\$	2,108	\$	198	\$	79	\$	17,711	\$	9,020
Corporate administration	-		-		3		6		1,656		1,258		1,659		1,264
Depreciation	300		158		4		4		-		-		304		162
Loss from operations	\$ 17,726	\$	6,991	\$	94	\$	2,118	\$	1,854	\$	1,337	\$	19,674	\$	10,446

The Company's non-current assets at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are located in Colombia, the United States and the head office in Canada as follows:

	Colombia			USA			Canada			Total						
		June 30,	De	ecember 31,		June 30,	De	ecember 31,		June 30,	Dece	mber 31,		June 30,	Dec	ember 31,
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Colombian VAT receivable	\$	7,183	\$	4,750	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,183	\$	4,750
Property, plant and equipment		2,116		1,895		255		265		-		-		2,371		2,160
Financial assets		-		-		-		-		458		371		458		371
Non-current assets	\$	9,299	\$	6,645	\$	255	\$	265	\$	458	\$	371	\$	10,012	\$	7,281

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities have been classified into categories that determine their basis of measurement and, for items measured at fair value on a recurring basis, whether changes in fair value are recognized at fair value through profit or loss or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI").

(Unaudited)

(Stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted; tabular amounts in thousands)

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are classified as follows:

	June 30,	De	December 31,	
	 2023		2022	
Financial assets				
Financial assets measured at amortized cost				
Cash	\$ 8,496	\$	10,981	
Other receivables	613		7	
Due from related parties	50,826		-	
Deposits	732		943	
Financial assets measured at FVTOCI				
Financial assets	458		371	
Total financial assets	\$ 61,125	\$	12,302	
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 5,373	\$	4,712	
Due to related parties	862		35,205	
Lease liability	604		422	
Total financial liabilities	\$ 6,839	\$	40,339	

The carrying amounts for cash; other receivables; deposits; accounts payable and accrued liabilities; and amounts due from or to related parties approximate fair values due to their short-term nature.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of the three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1	Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
Level 3	Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Investments in traded equity securities are classified as financial assets and valued using level one inputs.