



Cordoba Minerals Announces Additional High Grade Copper-Gold Mineralization at the Alacran Deposit in Colombia

New Visible Gold Intersected with Assays Pending

TORONTO, ONTARIO, May 17, 2017: Cordoba Minerals Corp. (TSX-V: CDB; OTCQX: CDBMF) (“Cordoba” or the “Company”) and its joint venture partner, High Power Exploration Inc. ("HPX"), a private mineral exploration company indirectly controlled by mining entrepreneur Robert Friedland’s Ivanhoe Industries, LLC, are pleased to announce that ongoing drilling at the Alacran Project in Colombia, has continued to encounter high grade copper-gold mineralization.

Recent drill holes have recorded mineralized intercepts of up to 184 metres, many with gold and copper mineralization that are significantly higher than the grades used in the preliminary Inferred Mineral Resource statement with the potential to expand the resource envelope.

Drilling also has resulted in an enhanced understanding of the structural controls to the mineralization, providing good targets for future drilling. In addition, drilling has confirmed additional intersections of the carbonate base metals (CBM) veins, which host the bonanza-grade gold mineralization previously intersected in hole ACD036 (see January 23, 2017 news release).

Highlights

(refer to Table 1 for complete drilling results)

- **ACD037:**
 - **34 metres @ 0.94% copper and 0.28 g/t gold (1.15% CuEq; from 68 metres),** including:
 - 8 metres @ 2.35% copper, 0.55 g/t gold (2.77% CuEq; from 76 metres)
- **ACD040:**
 - **122 metres @ 0.55% copper and 0.22 g/t gold (0.72% CuEq; from 40 metres),** including:
 - 12 metres @ 2.01% copper, 0.81 g/t gold (2.63% CuEq; from 82 metres)

- **ACD041:**
 - **184 metres @ 0.46% copper and 0.28 g/t gold (0.67% CuEq; from 6 metres),** including:
 - 12 metres @ 1.04% copper, 2.44 g/t gold (2.90% CuEq; from 16 metres) and 2 m @ 9.82 g/t gold, 1.57% copper from 18 metres
- **ACD047:**
 - **128 metres @ 0.80% copper and 0.24 g/t gold (0.98% CuEq; from 0 metres),** including:
 - 34 metres @ 1.43% copper, 0.38 g/t gold (1.72% CuEq; from 74 metres)
- **ACD050:**
 - **42 metres @ 0.55% copper and 1.25 g/t gold (1.51% CuEq; from 76 m),** including:
 - 18 metres @ 0.98% copper, 1.50 g/t gold (2.12% CuEq; from 20 metres)
 - 2 metres @ 11.15 g/t gold, 1.32% copper from 78 metres and 2 metres @ 7.36 g/t gold, 1.56% copper
- **ACD057:**
 - **114 metres @ 0.59% copper and 0.16 g/t gold (0.71% CuEq; from 0 metres),** including:
 - 8 metres @ 2.66% copper, 0.51 g/t gold (3.05% CuEq; from 106 metres)
- **ACD058:**
 - **28 metres @ 1.55% copper and 0.58 g/t gold (1.89% CuEq; from 214 metres),** including:
 - 6 metres @ 4.67% copper, 1.67 g/t gold (5.45% CuEq; from 214 metres)
 - 2 metres @ 3.4 g/t gold, 8.89% copper (from 216 metres)

Mario Stifano, President and CEO of Cordoba, commented: “Drilling at Alacran continues to identify near surface high grade copper-gold mineralization with additional CBM veins intersected in multiple holes over a 400 metre structural trend, indicating potential to identify additional bonanza grade zones and veins. Our geological understanding of the multiple mineralizing events and structural interpretation at Alacran is improving with visible gold recently intersected in drill hole ACD063, with assays pending. With strong community support, the Company is now positioned to drill deep holes around the artisanal mine workings to identify the source of the higher-grade gold and copper mineralization and target additional CBM veins at Alacran”.

Gold-rich zones at the Alacran project are associated with CBM (carbonate base-metal) style veining that has a zinc-gold association and is interpreted to be a later event overprinting the copper-gold

mineralization. Recent drilling analysis has shown that a north-south striking, steeply west-dipping, diorite dyke has been noted in a number of holes. This dyke appears to have a very strong correlation with high grade Cu-Au replacement mineralization and also appears to have a close affinity with high grade gold, such as the bonanza gold grade reported previously in ACD036 (**0.90 metres @ 4,440 g/t gold, 10.25% copper, 24.70% zinc and 347 g/t silver**). A direct magmatic-related association between high-grade copper-gold, and potentially the gold-zinc CBM veining, adds additional potential high-grade drill targets over a considerable strike length of the Alacran known mineralization.

The relationship of this dyke to mineralization is outlined in Figure 2, where additional high-grade gold has been intersected in **ACD041 (2 metres @ 9.82 g/t gold, 1.57% copper)**, in **ACD050 (2 metres @ 11.15 g/t gold, 1.3% copper and 2 metres @ 7.36 g/t gold, 1.56% copper)** and **ACD58 (2 metres @ 3.4 g/t gold, 8.89% copper)**. There is potential to follow this body down dip to the west for additional replacement-style mineralization. Another primary control on late high-grade gold mineralization at Alacran is a NNE striking fault corridor which appears to control a series of en-echelon CBM style veins (as seen in ACD036). The gold in these veins is coarse and highly “nuggety”, but values typically return in excess of 5 g/t gold.

Diamond drilling, aided through detailed structural interpretation of previously intersected CBM style mineralization, will target these zones in the ongoing drill program at the Alacran project.

Discussion

Twenty-two drillholes have been completed at the Alacran project that focused on lateral extensions and continuity of copper-gold mineralization related to higher-grade zones between drill sections that to date, are drilled on approximately 100 metre spaced drill fences. Drilling was concentrated on the northern parts of the known copper-gold mineralization, some of the key results are discussed below.

On **Section 855825mN** one drillhole was collared to test obliquely to the south the continuity of copper-gold mineralization between sections.

- **ACD047** intersected **128 metres @ 0.80% copper and 0.24 g/t gold (0.98% CuEq)** from surface and demonstrated higher than average grades for both copper and gold from surface over a significant interval.

On **Section 855680mN**,

- **ACD058** was drilled obliquely to the south to test the continuity of copper-gold between sections and successfully intersected a number of copper-gold rich zones that are significantly higher than the preliminary resource grades for both copper and gold. These are outlined in Table 1 and include:
 - **80 metres @ 0.43% copper and 0.22 g/t gold (0.60% CuEq)** from 114 metres

- including **4 metres @ 1.38% copper and 0.50 g/t gold (1.76% CuEq)** from 168 metres,
- **28 metres @ 1.55% copper and 0.58 g/t gold (1.89% CuEq)** from 214 metres
 - including **6 metres @ 4.67% copper and 1.67 g/t gold (5.45% CuEq)** from 214 metres.

Section 855570mN, six drillholes were collared; some to test the up-dip extensions to the orebody on section and some drilled oblique to section, both north and south, to better determine the short distance variation in both copper and gold grades. The copper-gold mineralization remains open down-dip on section.

- **ACD050** was an oblique drillhole drilled to the south east to test the continuity of higher-grade copper-gold mineralization between section that successfully intersected multiple, large intervals of copper-gold mineralization as noted in Table 1, and include
 - **42 metres @ 0.55% copper and 1.25 g/t gold (1.51% CuEq)** from 76 metres.
- **ACD041** was drilled to the west to better define structural controls of stratigraphy on copper-gold mineralization down-dip and successfully intersected a large interval of copper-gold mineralization that incorporated **184 metres @ 0.46% copper and 0.28 g/t gold (0.67% CuEq)** from 6 metres and included a number of higher-grade intervals as outlines in Table 1 including:
 - **12 metres @ 1.04% copper and 2.44 g/t gold (2.90% CuEq)** from 16 metres, and
 - **12 metres @ 1.09% copper and 0.20 g/t gold (1.24% CuEq)** from 106 metres.
- Drillholes **ACD052, ACD055** and **ACD056** was a fan of drillholes testing the short distance variation of copper-gold grades and also was targeting interpreted CBM vein targets. Results are outlined in Table 1 and include:
 - **42 metres @ 0.77% copper and 0.45 g/t gold (1.11% CuEq)** from 78 metres (ACD052)

On **Section 855440mN**, three drillholes were collared to test the up-dip extensions of copper-gold mineralization to the east, copper-gold mineralization between drillholes ACD034 and ASA001 and an oblique drillhole to the north to test for continuity of copper-gold mineralization between sections.

- **ACD037** was an infill drillhole and intersected multiple zones of copper-gold mineralization with grades above the preliminary resource grades for both copper and gold as outlined in Table 1 including:
 - **34 metres @ 0.94% copper and 0.28 g/t gold (1.15% CuEq)** from 68 metres
 - including **8 metres @ 2.35% copper and 0.55 g/t gold (2.77% CuEq)** from 76 metres and
 - **6 metres @ 1.06% copper and 0.47 g/t gold (1.42% CuEq)** from 92 metres)
- **ACD040** was an oblique drillhole oriented to the NE to test the continuity of copper-gold mineralization between sections where it intersected a large interval of copper-gold mineralization that included numerous internal intervals that are higher than the preliminary resource grades for both copper and gold as outlined in Table 1 and include:
 - **122 metres @ 0.55% copper and 0.22 g/t gold (0.72% CuEq)** from 40m
 - including **8 metres @ 1.05% copper and 0.51 g/t gold (1.43% CuEq)**

- and **12 metres @ 1.05% copper and 0.51 g/t gold (1.43% CuEq).**

Section 855350mN was the southern-most section tested and where the most significant results were located, adding prospectivity for further advances to the south within the Alacran orebody. Three drillholes were collared to test for up-dip extensions of the copper-gold mineralization to the east, infill drilling between drillholes ASA002 and ACD023 and an oblique hole directed to the north-east to test for continuity of copper-gold mineralization between sections.

- **ACD053** was an infill drillhole with multiple intersections as outlined in Table 1, including:
 - **62 metres @ 0.89% copper and 0.31 g/t gold (1.13% CuEq)** from 55 m
 - including **12 metres @ 1.12% copper and 0.65 g/t gold (1.62% CuEq)** from 55 m)
 - and **14 metres @ 2.03% copper and 0.30 g/t gold (2.26% CuEq)** from 95 metres.
- **ACD057** was collared obliquely to the north-east to test for continuity of copper-gold mineralization between sections where it intersected a significant large zone of copper-gold mineralization containing intervals at significantly higher copper and gold grades as reported in the preliminary resource estimate, intersections can be found in Table 1 , they include
 - **114 metres @ 0.59% copper and 0.16 g/t gold (0.71% CuEq)** from 0 metres
 - including **8 metres @ 1.71% copper and 0.13 g/t gold (1.81% CuEq)**
 - and **8 metres @ 2.66% copper and 0.51 g/t gold (3.05% CuEq).**

Alacran Copper-Gold Project

The Alacran Copper-Gold project is located within the Company's San Matias Copper-Gold Project in the Department of Cordoba, Colombia. The Alacran project is located on a topographic high in gently rolling topography, optimal for potential open-pit mining. Access and infrastructure are considered favourable. The Alacran initial, pit-constrained, Inferred Mineral Resource is 53.52 million tonnes at 0.70% copper and 0.37 g/t gold, or 0.95% copper equivalent (CuEq), including 7.37 million tonnes at 2.14% copper and 0.41 g/t gold above 1% copper (Cu) cut off (see news release dated January 5, 2017).

Alacran is approximately two kilometres southwest of the Company's Montiel porphyry copper-gold discovery, where drilling intersected **101 metres of 1.0% copper and 0.65 g/t gold**, and two kilometres northwest of the Costa Azul porphyry copper-gold discovery, where drilling intersected **87 metres of 0.62% copper and 0.51 g/t gold**. The copper-gold mineralization at Alacran is associated with stratabound replacement of a marine volcano-sedimentary sequence in the core of a faulted antiformal fold structure. The deposit comprises moderately to steeply-dipping stratigraphy that is mineralized as a series of sub-parallel replacement-style or skarn zones and associated disseminations. The copper-gold mineralization is composed of multiple overprinting hydrothermal events with the main ore phase comprised of chalcopyrite-pyrrhotite-pyrite that appears to overprint a large-scale early magnetite metasomatic event.

About San Matias Project

The San Matias Copper-Gold Project comprises a 20,000-hectare land package on the inferred northern extension of the richly endowed Mid-Cauca Belt in Colombia. The project contains several known areas of porphyry copper-gold mineralization, copper-gold skarn mineralization and vein-hosted, gold-copper mineralization. Porphyry mineralization at the San Matias Project incorporates high-grade zones of copper-gold mineralization hosted by diorite porphyries containing secondary biotite alteration and various orientations of sheeted and stockwork quartz-magnetite veins with chalcopyrite and bornite. The copper-gold skarn mineralization at Alacran is associated with stratabound replacement of a marine volcano-sedimentary sequence. The nature of mineralization encountered at San Matias is similar to other large high-grade copper-gold deposits.

Technical Information

The technical information has been reviewed, verified and compiled by Christian J. Grainger, Ph.D., a Qualified Person for the purpose of NI 43-101. Dr. Grainger is a geologist with over 15 years in the minerals mining, consulting, exploration and research industries. Dr. Grainger is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) and Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy (AusIMM).

Copper-equivalent values have been calculated using a US\$1,300 per ounce gold price and US\$2.50 per pound copper price. All samples have been prepared and assayed at ALS laboratory in Medellin, Colombia with gold assays being carried out as 50-gram Fire-Assays with AAS finish and all trace elements and base metals being assayed using four Acid Digest with ICP-MS finish. Copper-equivalent values have been calculated using a US\$1,350 per ounce gold price and US\$2.20 per pound copper price. The company utilizes an industry-standard QA/QC program. HQ and NQ diamond drill-core is sawn in half with one-half shipped to a sample preparation lab. The remainder of the core is stored in a secured storage facility for future assay verification. Blanks, duplicates and certified reference standards are inserted into the sample stream to monitor laboratory performance and a portion of the samples are periodically checked for assayed result quality.

The Alacran preliminary Inferred Mineral Resource estimate was completed by Mining Associates Limited and reported by the Company on January 5, 2017, and is in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 and the 2014 Canadian Institute of Mining (CIM) definition standards. Inferred Mineral Resources are considered to be too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them to be categorized as Mineral Reserves. Mineral Resources that are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Joint Venture Agreement

The San Matias Project is a joint venture between Cordoba and HPX, a private mineral exploration company founded by mining entrepreneur Robert Friedland. HPX has entered Phase Three of the Joint Venture Agreement, whereby HPX can earn a 65% interest in the San Matias Project by completing a feasibility study.

About High Power Exploration

HPX is a privately owned, metals-focused exploration company deploying proprietary in-house geophysical technologies to rapidly evaluate mineral prospects. The HPX technology cluster comprises systems for targeting, modelling, survey optimization, acquisition, processing and interpretation. HPX has a highly experienced board and

management team led by Co-Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Robert Friedland, President Eric Finlayson, a former head of exploration at Rio Tinto, and co-chaired by Ian Cockerill, a former Chief Executive Officer of Gold Fields Ltd. For further information, please visit www.hpexploration.com.

About Cordoba Minerals

Cordoba Minerals Corp. is a Toronto-based mineral exploration company focused on the exploration and acquisition of copper and gold projects in Colombia. Cordoba has a joint venture with High Power Exploration on the highly prospective, district-scale San Matias Copper-Gold Project located at sea level with excellent infrastructure and near operating open-pit mines in the Department of Cordoba. For further information, please visit www.cordobaminerals.com.

ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

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Neither the TSX Venture Exchange nor the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this release.

Forward-Looking Statements

This news release includes certain “forward-looking information” within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation. Forward-looking statements include predictions, projections and forecasts and are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as “seek”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “plan”, “estimate”, “forecast”, “expect”, “potential”, “project”, “target”, “schedule”, “budget” and “intend” and statements that an event or result “may”, “will”, “should”, “could” or “might” occur or be achieved and other similar expressions and includes the negatives thereof. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this release, including, without limitation, statements regarding the potential of the Company’s properties are forward-looking statements that involve various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Forward-looking statements are based on a number of material factors and assumptions. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from Company’s expectations include actual exploration results, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, future metal prices, availability of capital and financing on acceptable terms, general economic, market or business conditions, uninsured risks, regulatory changes, delays or inability to receive required approvals, and other exploration or other risks detailed herein and from time to time in the filings made by the Company with securities regulators. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause such actions, events or results to

differ materially from those anticipated. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate and accordingly readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date of this news release. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation, except to the extent required by law, to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Figure 1: Project Location and licenses on magnetics

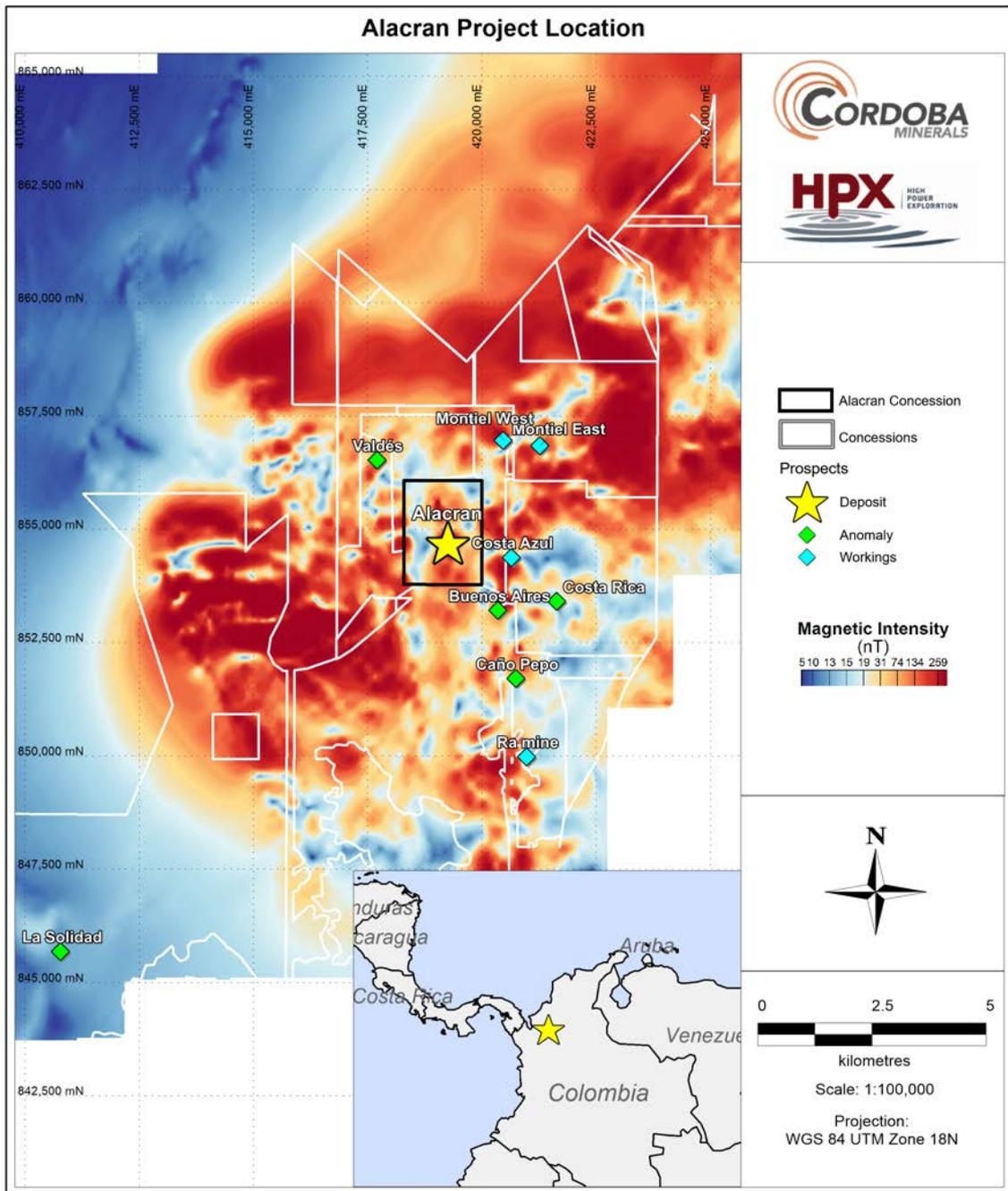


Figure 2 – Inclined level plan illustrating high grade intersections aligned on north-south trend

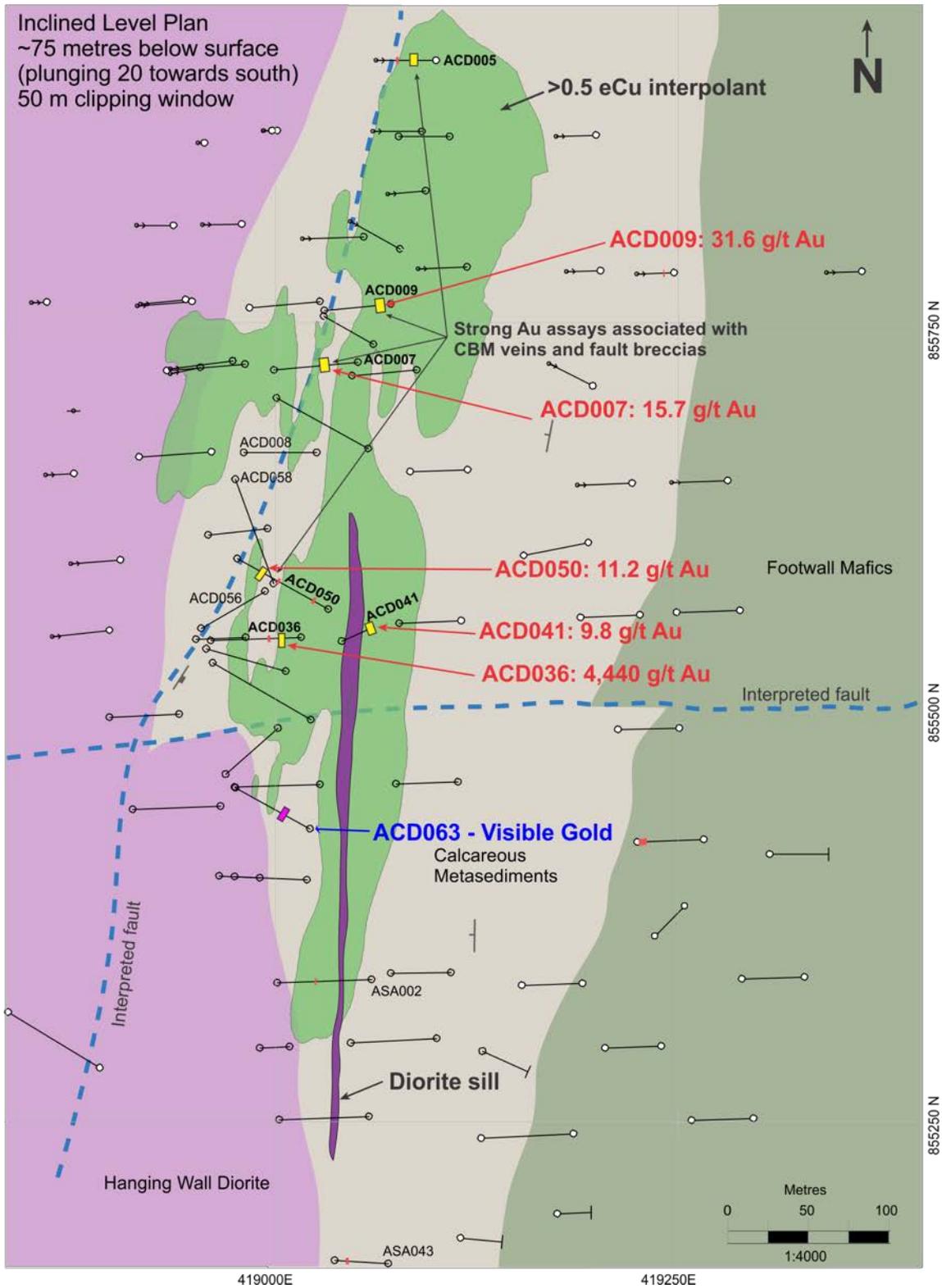


Figure 3: Labelled drill collars' results are the subject of this release

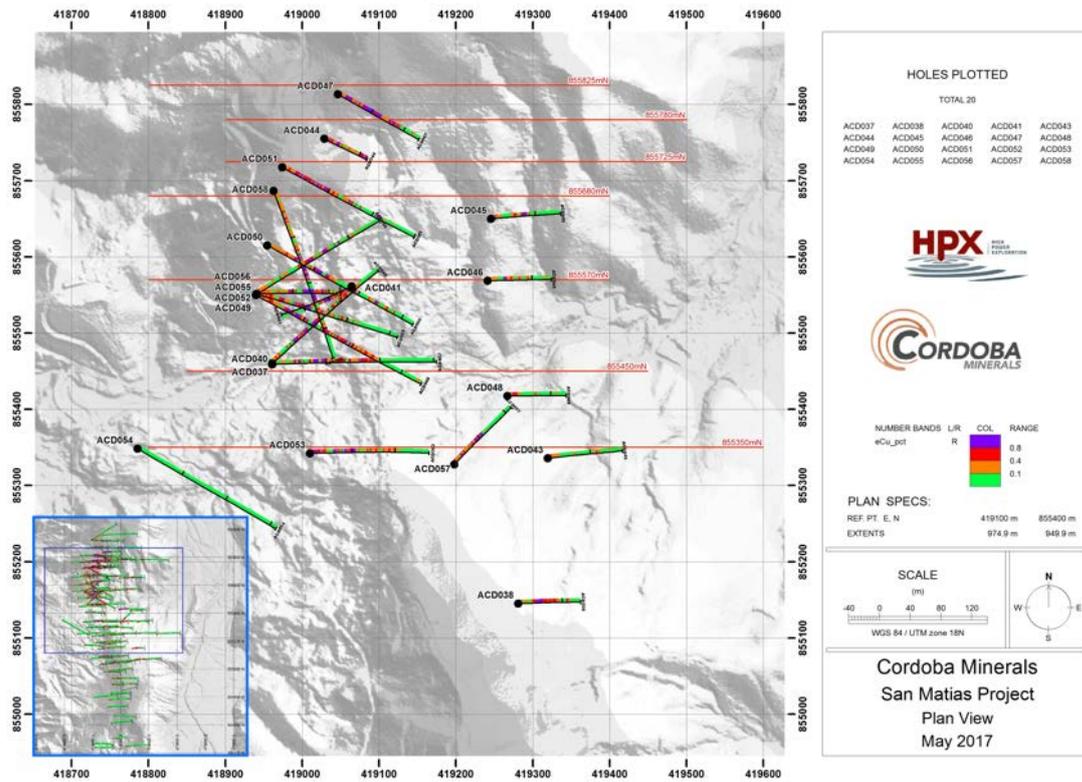


Figure 4: Section 855825N

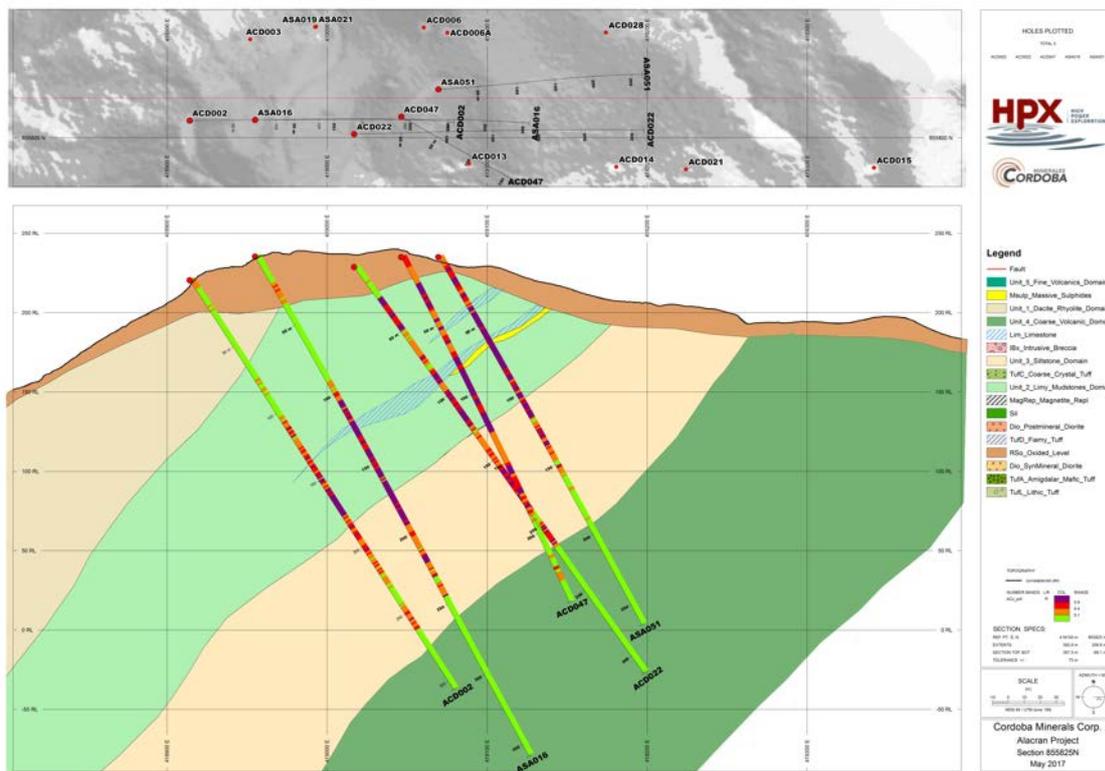


Figure 5: Section 855680N

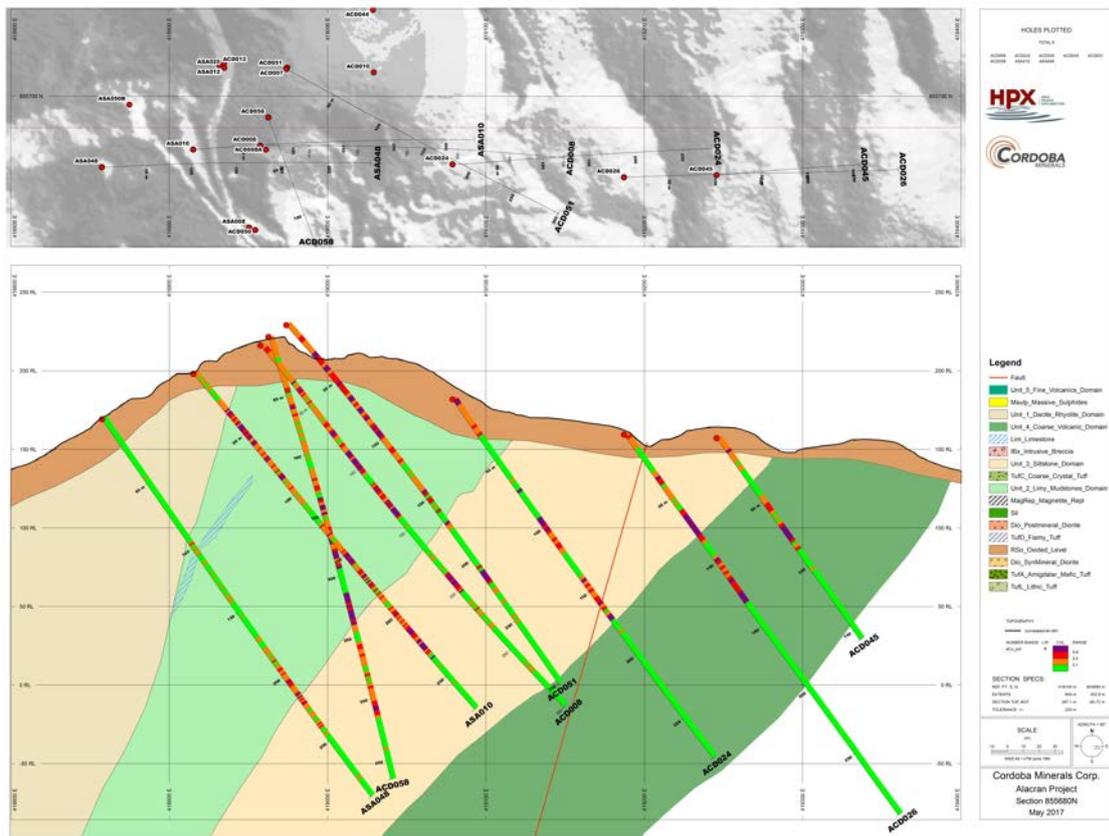


Figure 6: Section 855570N

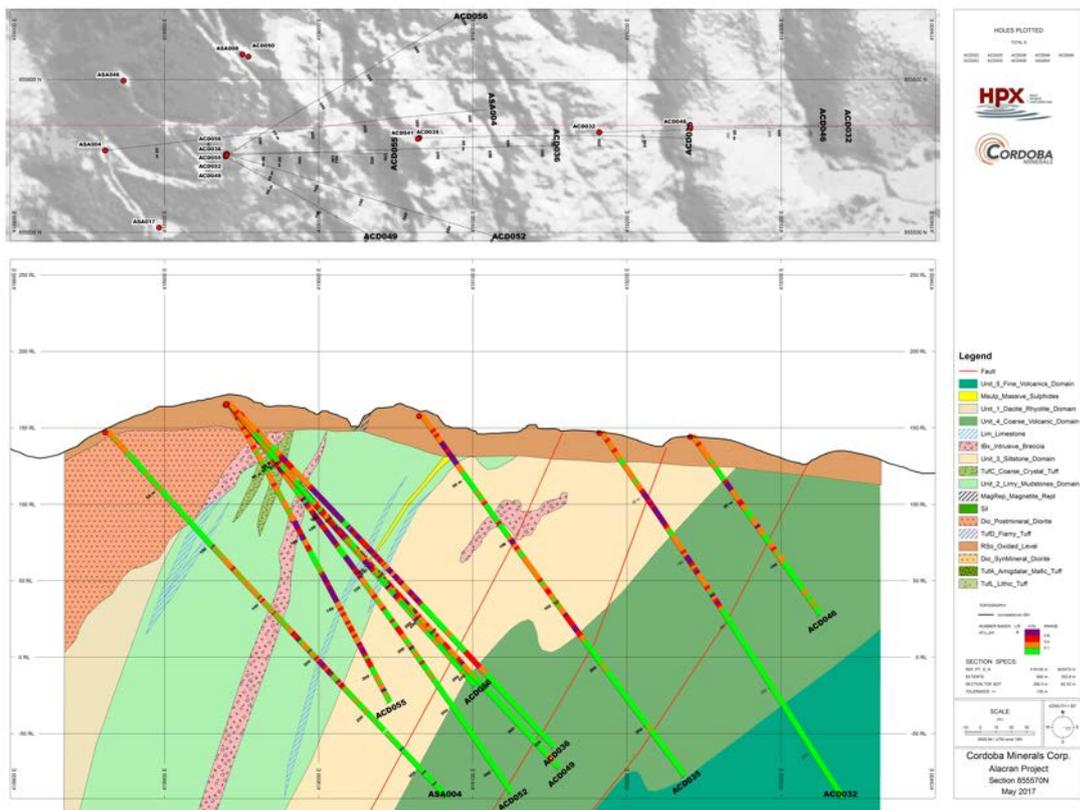


Figure 7: Section 855440N

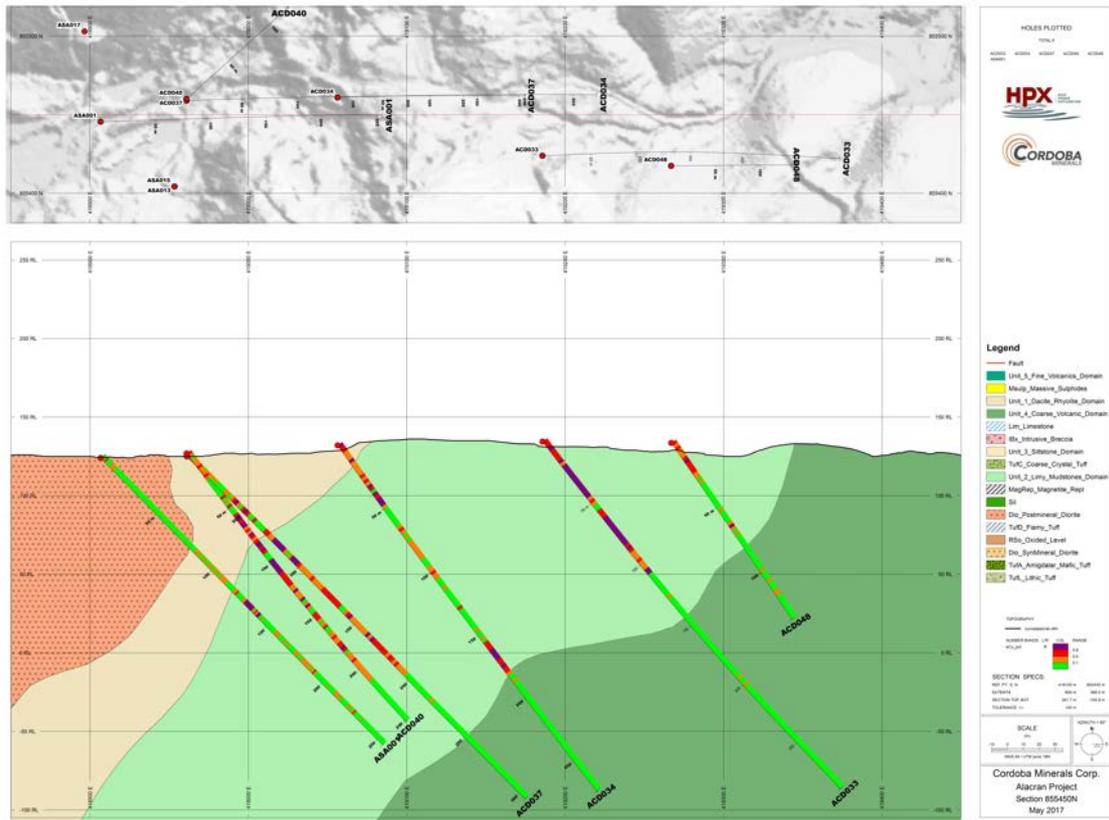


Figure 8: Section 855350N

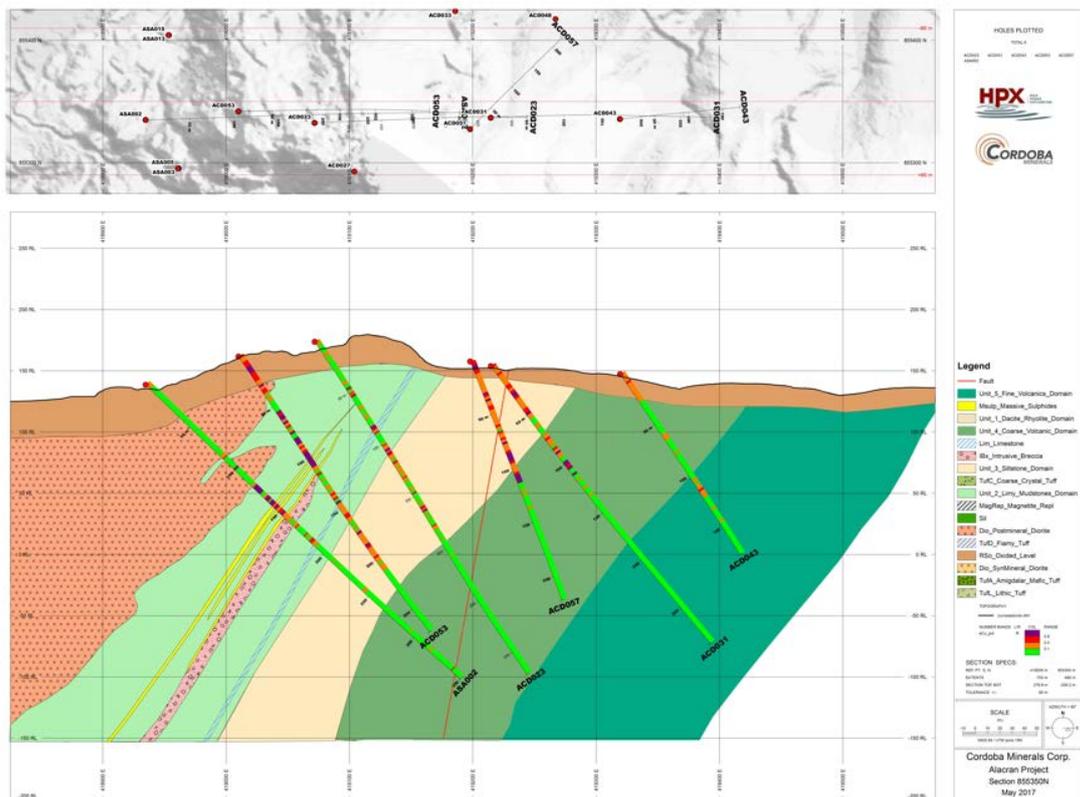


Table 1 – Significant intercepts from recent Alacran drilling

HoleID	From	To	Interval (m)	CuEq (%)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Cut-off (%CuEq)	True Thickness (approx % of intercept width)
ACD037	40	60	20	0.47	0.30	0.21	0.3%	90-100%
ACD037	68	102	34	1.15	0.94	0.28	0.3%	
ACD037	76	84	8	2.77	2.35	0.55	1.0%	
ACD037	92	98	6	1.42	1.06	0.47	1.0%	
ACD037	110	146	36	0.57	0.49	0.11	0.3%	
ACD037	160	188	28	0.56	0.47	0.11	0.3%	
ACD038	0	10	10	0.32	0.22	0.13	0.3%	90-100%
ACD038	28	90	62	0.62	0.51	0.14	0.3%	
ACD038	110	116	6	1.82	0.27	2.04	0.3%	
ACD040	40	162	122	0.72	0.55	0.22	0.3%	70%
ACD040	60	68	8	1.00	0.65	0.46	1.0%	
ACD040	82	90	8	1.43	1.05	0.51	1.0%	
ACD040	98	110	12	2.63	2.01	0.81	1.0%	
ACD040	170	194	24	0.48	0.36	0.15	0.3%	
ACD041	6	190	184	0.67	0.46	0.28	0.3%	drilled down dip
ACD041	16	28	12	2.90	1.04	2.44	1.0%	
ACD041	90	98	8	1.25	1.10	0.20	1.0%	
ACD041	106	118	12	1.24	1.09	0.20	1.0%	
ACD043	0	12	12	0.35	0.18	0.23	0.3%	90-100%
ACD043	114	122	8	0.34	0.33	0.02	0.3%	
ACD044	12	24	12	0.61	0.55	0.08	0.3%	80-90%
ACD044	32	50	18	0.70	0.62	0.11	0.3%	
ACD044	36	40	4	1.44	1.26	0.24	1.0%	
ACD044	100	122.9	22.9	0.92	0.73	0.26	0.3%	
ACD044	118	122	4	1.50	1.38	0.17	1.0%	
ACD045	48	88	40	0.54	0.48	0.08	0.3%	90-100%
ACD045	70	80	10	1.15	0.95	0.26	1.0%	
ACD046	0	8	8	0.36	0.23	0.16	0.3%	90-100%
ACD046	36	58	22	0.79	0.66	0.17	0.3%	
ACD046	38	44	6	1.96	1.80	0.21	1.0%	
ACD046	68	76	8	0.45	0.39	0.07	0.3%	
ACD046	90	98	8	0.39	0.32	0.08	0.3%	
ACD047	0	128	128	0.98	0.80	0.24	0.3%	80-90%
ACD047	20	36	16	1.26	1.22	0.05	1.0%	
ACD047	74	108	34	1.72	1.43	0.38	1.0%	
ACD047	114	126	12	1.13	0.87	0.34	1.0%	
ACD047	146	186	40	0.66	0.52	0.18	0.3%	

HoleID	From	To	Interval (m)	CuEq (%)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Cut-off (%CuEq)	True Thickness (approx % of intercept width)	
ACD047	152	158	6	1.10	0.91	0.25	1.0%		
ACD047	168	172	4	1.24	1.04	0.26	1.0%		
ACD047	224	232	8	0.32	0.18	0.18	0.3%		
ACD048	0	32	32	0.40	0.27	0.17	0.3%	90-100%	
ACD049	4	36	32	0.36	0.27	0.12	0.3%	80-90%	
ACD049	58	108	50	0.82	0.61	0.29	0.3%		
ACD049	62	66	4	1.62	1.15	0.62	1.0%		
ACD049	72	76	4	1.66	1.20	0.60	1.0%		
ACD049	82	86	4	1.29	0.96	0.43	1.0%		
ACD049	116	124	8	1.22	0.96	0.34	1.0%		
ACD049	116	126	10	1.10	0.86	0.32	0.3%		
ACD049	134	208	74	0.45	0.36	0.11	0.3%		
ACD049	216	252	36	0.43	0.36	0.08	0.3%		
ACD050	30	42	12	0.37	0.34	0.04	0.3%		80-90%
ACD050	56	66	10	1.50	0.22	1.68	0.3%		
ACD050	58	62	4	2.97	0.31	3.52	1.0%		
ACD050	76	118	42	1.51	0.55	1.25	0.3%		
ACD050	100	118	18	2.12	0.98	1.50	1.0%		
ACD050	126	130	4	3.29	2.68	0.80	1.0%		
ACD050	126	158	32	0.84	0.71	0.17	0.3%		
ACD050	152	156	4	1.28	1.06	0.29	1.0%		
ACD050	166	194	28	1.10	0.87	0.31	0.3%		
ACD050	168	174	6	1.15	0.82	0.44	1.0%		
ACD050	182	194	12	1.60	1.28	0.41	1.0%		
ACD050	236	244	8	1.01	0.74	0.35	0.3%		
ACD050	238	242	4	1.44	1.06	0.50	1.0%		
ACD051	26	120	94	0.64	0.53	0.14	0.3%	80-90%	
ACD051	132	162	30	0.39	0.29	0.14	0.3%		
ACD051	170	176	6	0.58	0.25	0.44	0.3%		
ACD051	206	220	14	0.91	0.62	0.38	0.3%		
ACD051	210	218	8	1.33	1.01	0.43	1.0%		
ACD052	6	34	28	0.37	0.28	0.11	0.3%	80-90%	
ACD052	48	70	22	0.50	0.29	0.28	0.3%		
ACD052	78	120	42	1.11	0.77	0.45	0.3%		
ACD052	106	118	12	2.09	1.43	0.87	1.0%		
ACD052	128	150	22	1.01	0.80	0.28	0.3%		
ACD052	130	138	8	1.68	1.27	0.53	1.0%		
ACD052	180	192	12	0.36	0.29	0.10	0.3%	90-100%	
ACD053	0	43	43	0.56	0.33	0.31	0.3%		
ACD053	55	67	12	1.62	1.12	0.65	1.0%		

HoleID	From	To	Interval (m)	CuEq (%)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Cut-off (%CuEq)	True Thickness (approx % of intercept width)
ACD053	55	117	62	1.13	0.89	0.31	0.3%	
ACD053	95	109	14	2.26	2.03	0.30	1.0%	
ACD053	127	147	20	0.40	0.32	0.10	0.3%	
ACD053	155	163	8	0.39	0.33	0.08	0.3%	
ACD053	173	203	30	0.46	0.39	0.09	0.3%	
ACD055	2	36	34	0.36	0.24	0.16	0.3%	90-100%
ACD055	54	62	8	0.33	0.27	0.08	0.3%	
ACD055	74	110	36	0.63	0.45	0.23	0.3%	
ACD055	88	102	14	1.04	0.79	0.34	1.0%	
ACD055	122	196	74	0.72	0.53	0.25	0.3%	
ACD055	128	146	18	1.25	0.94	0.41	1.0%	
ACD055	178	186	8	1.13	0.80	0.44	1.0%	80-90%
ACD056	0	12	12	0.32	0.24	0.10	0.3%	
ACD056	16	26	10	0.31	0.23	0.10	0.3%	
ACD056	94	130	36	0.58	0.42	0.21	0.3%	
ACD056	114	118	4	1.33	1.06	0.36	1.0%	
ACD056	146	150	4	2.24	1.69	0.72	1.0%	
ACD056	146	156	10	1.41	1.03	0.50	0.3%	70%
ACD056	170	182	12	0.71	0.53	0.23	0.3%	
ACD057	0	114	114	0.71	0.59	0.16	0.3%	
ACD057	4	8	4	1.17	0.90	0.36	1.0%	
ACD057	86	94	8	1.81	1.71	0.13	1.0%	50%
ACD057	106	114	8	3.05	2.66	0.51	1.0%	
ACD058	56	68	12	0.51	0.48	0.03	0.3%	
ACD058	114	194	80	0.60	0.43	0.22	0.3%	
ACD058	168	172	4	1.76	1.38	0.50	1.0%	
ACD058	180	186	6	1.36	1.16	0.27	1.0%	
ACD058	214	242	28	1.89	1.55	0.58	0.3%	
ACD058	214	220	6	5.45	4.67	1.67	1.0%	
ACD058	228	240	12	1.14	0.86	0.36	1.0%	
ACD058	256	314	58	0.42	0.30	0.17	0.3%	
ACD058	306	310	4	1.57	1.16	0.55	1.0%	

- 0.3% CuEq cutoff with 6m maximum internal dilution and a 6m minimum width.
- 1.0% CuEq cutoff uses 4m maximum internal dilution and 4m minimum width.
- True width intervals of the mineralization are estimated in the rightmost column
- Copper equivalent (CuEq) calculations assume a US\$2.50/lb copper price and a US\$1300/Oz gold price.
- For intercept calculations: sample assays of copper, gold and copper equivalent are all capped to 10% Cu, 10 g/t Au, and 10 % CuEq.